# St. Andrews Scots Sr. Sec. School

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**Session: 2025-26** 

Class: IV Subject: Science Topic: Teeth and Microbes Lesson No: 3

- Reading of the chapter
- Explanation (will be done in class)

# (Textbook exercise)

- A. Tick the right answer.
  - 1. (b) canines
  - 2. (a) incisors
  - 3. (b) temporary
  - 4. (c) bacterium
- B. Fill in the blanks.
  - 1. crown
  - 2. Premolars, Molars
  - 3. Viruses
  - 4. 20
  - 5. Pathogens
- C. Write whether the following statements are (T) for True or (F) for false.
  - 1. False
  - 2. True

- 3. True
- 4. True
- 5. False

# • D. Circle the odd one and justify.

- (a) Enamel It is not a type of teeth.
- (b) Cavity It is not a part of tooth
- (c) Mosquito It is not a microorganism
- (d) Typhoid It is caused by bacteria

# (Notebook Work)

### • New Words

- 1. Temporary
- 2. Permanent
- 3. Wisdom
- 4. Incisors
- 5. Canines

- 6. Premolars
- 7. Grinding
- 8. Dentine
- 9. Toothache
- 10. Protozoa

# • <u>Defines</u>

- 1. **Floss** A silk thread used for cleaning between the teeth.
- 2. **Plaque** Thin sticky yellow layer of germs covering the teeth.
- 3. **Antibiotic** A substance to destroy the growth of bacteria and cure infection.
- 4. **Nourish** To provide the materials necessary for growth.
- 5. **Wisdom teeth** In the age between 12 to 21, four more teeth come out. These are known as wisdom teeth.

#### • Fill in the blanks.

- 1. The visible white part of a tooth is called **crown**.
- 2. Herbivores have well developed **<u>premolars</u>** and **<u>molars</u>** for chewing and grinding their food.
- 3. **Viruses** are the smallest microbes.
- 4. At the age of four, a child has **20** teeth.
- 5. Disease-causing microbes are called **Pathogens**.
- 6. The soft tissue that surrounds the base of the tooth is called the **gum.**

#### • Short Question Answers

#### Q.1 How many sets of teeth does a person have? Name them.

Ans. A person has two sets of teeth.

Milk teeth and Permanent teeth

#### Q.2 What are pathogens?

Ans. Disease causing microbes are called pathogens or germs.

#### Q.3 Name the grinding teeth. (In book)

Ans. Molars

#### Q.4 How can we see microbes?

Ans. We can see microbes with the help of microscopes.

#### Q.5 Which teeth help to tear food? (In

book) Ans. Canines

# **Long Question Answers**

# Q.1 Explain the structure of a tooth.

**Ans.** A tooth has three main parts:

- (1) <u>Crown</u> It is the portion of tooth seen above the gums.
- (2) Enamel It is the hardest substance in the body that covers the crown.
- (3) <u>Dentine</u> It lies below enamel. Inside it, a soft part called pulp. It contains nerves and blood vessels. Roots are preserved inside the gums.

# Q.2 Write three uses of microbes.

**Ans.** Three uses of microbes are:

- (1) Bacteria like Lactobacillus help in preparation of curd.
- (2) Bacteria and fungi help to decompose dead matter.
- (3) Some bacteria and fungi are used to make medicines like antibiotics.

# Q.3 Write the functions of molars and premolars.

Ans. Molars - They help to grind and crush the food.

Premolars - They help to grind food into small pieces and chew it properly.

#### **Give Reasons**

#### 1. Why do we have different types of teeth?

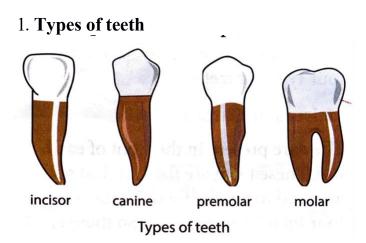
**Ans.** We have different types of teeth to crush different types of food item.

# 2. If a three-year old child and a sixty-year old man both lost a tooth who will get it back and why?

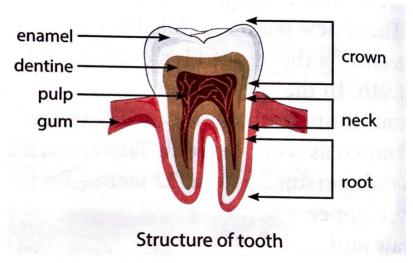
**Ans.** A three-year old child will get his tooth back because his teeth are milk teeth that are replaced by permanent teeth.

#### **Diagrams**

#### Draw a well labelled diagram of:



# 2. Structure of tooth



# • Dictation

 $Any \ 10 \ words$ 

• Activity
Make a poster on tooth care.